Sec. 10-6.676. BOR Bradfordville Office Residential District.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District Intent</th>
<th>PERMITTED USES</th>
<th>Accessory Uses</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The BOR district is intended to be located in areas designated Bradfordville Mixed Use in the Future Land Use Map of the Comprehensive Plan and shall apply to lands within the Bradfordville Commercial Center District. The intent of the BOR district is to implement the Bradfordville Study Area Goals. Objectives and Policies of the Comprehensive Plan preserving the residential character of the Bradfordville Study Area through a mixture of uses at a compatible scale with the adjacent residential communities. More specifically, the BOR district is intended to be located in areas where employment and residential uses are encouraged to locate in close proximity to one another. The provisions of the BOR district are intended to provide the district with a residential character to further encourage this mixing of uses at a compatible scale. A variety of housing types, compatible non-retail activities of moderate intensity and certain community facilities related to office or residential facilities (recreational, community services, and light infrastructure) may be permitted in the BOR district. The maximum gross density allowed for new residential development in the BOR district is 8 dwelling units per acre. The access management standards set forth in for the BOR district are intended to minimize and control ingress and egress to collector and arterial roadways and to promote safe and efficient traffic circulation of the general traveling public. Increases in land zoned BOR shall demonstrate the need for additional services for the Bradfordville Study Area. Reuse of existing single use sites for multiple use developments, adding new uses to single use sites and/or multiple use developments that share parking facilities are encouraged in the BOR district. Expansions of the BOR district are prohibited in viable residential areas.</td>
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<td>(1) Bed and breakfast inns up to a maximum of 6 rooms. (2) Broadcasting studios. (3) Community facilities related to office or residential facilities, including libraries, religious facilities, police/fire stations, and elementary and middle schools. Vocational schools are prohibited. Other community facilities may be allowed in accordance with Section 10-6.806 of these regulations. (4) Day care centers. (5) Medical and dental offices and services, laboratories, and clinics. (6) Mini-Warehouses (See subsection 16) (7) Non-medical offices and services, including business and government offices and services. (8) Nursing homes and other residential care facilities. (9) Passive and active recreational facilities. (10) Personal services. (11) Single-family attached dwellings. (12) Single-family detached dwellings. (13) Studios for photography, music, art, dance, drama, and voice. (14) Two-family dwellings. (15) Veterinary services, including veterinary hospitals.</td>
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<td>(1) A use or structure on the same lot with, and of a nature customarily incidental and subordinate to, the principal use or structure and which comprises no more than 33 percent of the floor area or cubic volume of the principal use or structure, as determined by the county administrator or designee. (2) Light infrastructure and/or utility services and facilities necessary to serve permitted uses, as determined by the county administrator or designee.</td>
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### DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Category</th>
<th>Minimum Lot or Site Size</th>
<th>Minimum Building Setbacks</th>
<th>Maximum Building Restrictions</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a. Lot or Site Area</td>
<td>b. Lot Width</td>
<td>c. Lot Depth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single-Family Detached Dwellings</td>
<td>5,000 square feet</td>
<td>50 feet</td>
<td>100 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two-Family Dwellings</td>
<td>8,500 square feet</td>
<td>70 feet</td>
<td>100 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single-Family Attached Dwellings</td>
<td>3,750 square feet; end unit; 2,400 square feet interior lot</td>
<td>37.5 feet; end unit; 25 feet interior lot</td>
<td>80 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any Permitted Principal Nonresidential Use</td>
<td>6,000 square feet</td>
<td>50 feet</td>
<td>100 feet</td>
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7. Access Management Criteria (in case of a conflict with the provisions of other ordinances or regulations, the most strict provisions shall apply):

(a.) Arterial and Collector Roads: Direct driveway access to arterial and collector roads is prohibited except for: 1) Existing driveway access as of July 28, 1998; 2) A single driveway access for properties in existence before July 28, 1998 which have sole access to the arterial road and does not have other street access; and 3) Temporary driveway access may be permitted for properties which establish permanent access to another public street and grant the local government with jurisdiction the right to close the temporary access without compensation upon opening of access to an alternative roadway.

(b.) All Properties: All properties shall provide cross access easements benefiting adjoining properties to permit the development of an internal vehicular and pedestrian circulation system. All nonresidential properties shall provide driveway interconnections to adjoining nonresidential properties. All new developments proposing subdivision shall have shared access for every two parcels created.

(c.) Local Streets: Full movement access to a local street shall not be permitted within 200 feet of a signalized intersection. Right-in/right-out access to a local street shall not be permitted closer than 100 feet to another access point or intersecting public street, nor within 200 feet of a signalized intersection, except properties with sole access to a local street are permitted at least one access point, which may be limited to right-in/right-out based upon a traffic safety evaluation.

8. Street Vehicular Access Restrictions: Properties in the BOR zoning district may have vehicular access to any type of street. However, in order to protect residential areas and
neighborhoods from nonresidential traffic, vehicular access to a local street is prohibited if one of the following zoning districts is located on the other side of the local street: RA, R-1, R-2, R-3, R-4, R-5, MH, MR-1, R, and RP.

### DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS (Continued)

9. Landscape Standards:

Development within the BOR shall be subject to the landscape requirements of this section in addition to those requirements of the Environmental Management Act (EMA). Where standards conflict, the stricter of the two shall apply. All landscape shall be prepared by a registered landscape architect as per F.S. § 481.

(a.) Arterial Road Landscaping: All properties fronting arterial roads shall provide and maintain a 30 foot wide landscape area immediately adjoining the arterial road. All vegetation within the 30 foot wide landscaped area of good condition four inches and larger shall be preserved. This landscape area shall be planted with canopy trees with at least one tree for each 200 square feet of landscape area. Creative design and spacing is encouraged. The landscape area may be crossed by driveways permitted pursuant to section 7 above, but compensatory area shall be added, equal to the area of the driveway, adjacent to the required landscape area. Sidewalks are not permitted within the landscaped area except for interconnections to sidewalks fronting public roadways. Signs in accordance with Section 13 below may be located within the landscape area, but shall not reduce the tree planting requirement. Existing healthy trees in the landscape area may be counted as prescribed in Section 10-4.349(b) toward meeting the tree planting requirement. Management of the existing trees within the 30 feet shall include pruning of dead and hazardous tree limbs, pruning of live limbs less than 25 percent of the green mass of the tree, fertilization, post control, and control of invasive vegetation. Mechanical methods which compact the earth or root systems shall not be allowed.

(b.) Collector and Local Road Landscaping: All properties fronting collector and local roads shall provide and maintain a 20 foot wide landscape area immediately adjoining the collector or local road. All vegetation within the 20 foot wide landscaped area of good condition four inches and larger shall be preserved. This landscape area shall be planted with canopy trees with at least one tree for each 200 square feet of landscape area. Creative design and spacing is encouraged. The landscape area may be crossed by driveways permitted pursuant to Section 7 above, but compensatory area shall be added equal to the area of the driveway within the required landscape area. Sidewalks are not permitted within the landscaped area except for interconnections to sidewalks fronting public roadways. Signs in accordance with Section 13 below may be located within the landscape area, but shall not reduce the tree planting requirement. Existing healthy trees in the landscape area may be counted as prescribed in Section 10-4.349(b) toward meeting the tree planting requirement. Management of the existing trees within the 20 feet shall include pruning of dead and hazardous tree limbs, pruning of live limbs less than 25 percent of the green mass of the tree, fertilization, pest control, and control of invasive vegetation. Mechanical methods which compact the earth or root systems shall not be allowed.

(c.) Street Trees: All existing and proposed roadways/access ways shall be planted with canopy trees at a standard of one canopy tree per 200 sq. ft. of landscaped area. Credit shall be given for existing vegetation within the required landscaped areas as identified in a. and b. above. Creative design and spacing is encouraged.

(d.) Parking areas: All vehicular use areas shall be buffered from view from public streets and/or access ways through the use of vegetation and/or topography or other manmade structures so long as such structures are architecturally compatible with the principle structure. All manmade visual buffers greater than 20 feet in unbroken length shall be designed to provide interesting visual effects and reduce apparent mass though the use of vegetation and plane projections, material changes, changes in scale or other architectural features. Canopy tree cover for the parking area shall be provided so as to attain a minimum of 60 percent plan view shading within ten years of planting date. At grade parking areas shall include interior landscaped areas at a minimum ratio of 400 SF per 5,000 sq. ft. of vehicular use area located internally to the parking area. Where interior landscaped areas cannot be obtained, the required landscaped area shall be placed between the proposed vehicular use area and the public right-of-way and/or access way. Existing vegetation shall be incorporated into the landscaped areas to the greatest extent possible. Planting areas shall have a minimum area of 400 sq. ft. with a minimum dimension of ten feet and shall have a depth of three feet of good planting soil.

(e.) Trees planted within a sidewalk area shall incorporate tree grates or other surfacing so as to not impale the flow of pedestrian traffic.

(f.) Buffer standards for uncomplimentary land uses shall meet the requirements of Section 10-7.522 of the Land Development Code.

(g.) Developments within this district shall preserve a minimum of 25 percent of the total site as natural area. The required natural area may be located off-site if the required area is designated as public open space and is accepted by the Public Works Department. On-site natural area shall encompass significant, naturally occurring vegetation areas or other significant environmental features.
DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS (Continued)

(h.) Stormwater management facilities shall be landscaped in accordance with the Environmental Management Act; however, development is encouraged to provide innovative designs making such facilities an amenity to the site. All stormwater management facilities are encouraged to be constructed with 4:1 side slopes. Chain link and vinyl clad fencing enclosures are prohibited where stormwater management facilities are visible from public roadways/access ways. Where fencing and/or retaining walls are proposed and visible from a public roadway/access way, such fencing shall be architecturally compatible with the principle structure. Stormwater ponds shall be designed to imitate “natural” pond characteristics, including curved geometrics, gently sloping edges, landscaping and paving materials, and should be placed so as to be focal design amenities.

10. Signs: All signs within the BOR district shall be designed in accordance with the current locally adopted building code. Where conflict between standards of this district and other rules or regulations occur, the stricter of the two shall apply. A uniform sign design for the parcels included within the BOR district shall conform to the following minimum guidelines:

(a.) One wall-mounted sign per tenant per street frontage is permitted. A wall mounted sign shall not exceed ten percent of the area of the tenant wall area on which it is mounted. Wall signs for multiple tenant commercial buildings shall be uniformly designed and placed. Only one wall sign for multiple tenant office land uses shall be allowed.

(b.) No roof signs, billboard signs, pole signs, flashing signs or signs in motion are permitted.

(c.) Freestanding signs shall be setback a minimum of ten feet from the right-of-way line.

(d.) Temporary signs (not to exceed 30 days of display in a calendar year) are permitted at the discretion of the developer, except signs advertising property for sale or lease are not subject to this restriction.

(e.) Freestanding signs shall be constructed with a base full width to the sign face that is constructed with materials that are consistent with the principle building. One freestanding sign per driveway access per street frontage is permitted and shall be internally illuminated with an opaque field to control glare. Freestanding signs are sized proportional to the type of roadway to which they are adjacent. Allowable size restrictions are as follows:

1.) Arterial Roads: Maximum area: 150 square feet, Maximum Height: 25 feet
2.) Major Collector Roads: Maximum area: 100 square feet, Maximum Height: 20 feet
3.) Minor Collector and Local Roads: Maximum area: 36 square feet, Maximum Height: 8 feet

11. Off-Street Parking Requirements: Off-street parking facilities associated with permitted principal nonresidential uses in the OR-1 zoning districts must comply with the following requirements:

(a.) Parking Setbacks: Side-Corner: 20 feet
    Rear and Side-Interior: 10 feet
(b.) Driveway Setbacks: Side-Corner: 10 feet (none if driveway is shared)
    Rear and Side-Interior: 4 feet (none if driveway is shared)
(c.) Off-street parking may not be placed in a front yard between a building and the street.
(d.) The parking or driveway separation from the building is four feet
(e.) All off-street parking spaces behind a building shall be screened from the required front yard and side corner lot areas by evergreen landscaping at least four feet in height.
(f.) Parking spaces shall be screened from rear and interior side property lines by a combination of a six feet high opaque fence or wall and landscape plant material.
(g.) Driveways connecting to a public street shall be the narrowest possible width to ensure appropriate safety standards, as determined by the county administrator or designee.
### DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS (Continued)

12. Lighting Standards:

(a.) All exterior lighting shall have recessed bulbs and filters which conceal the source of illumination. No wall or roof-mounted flood or spot lights used as general grounds lighting are permitted. Security lighting is permitted.

(b.) Lighting for off-street walkways shall be spaced no more than 30 feet apart, and shall not exceed ten feet in height.

(c.) Parking lighting shall be spaced a maximum of 50 feet apart and shall not exceed 20 feet in height.

(d.) Lighting levels of the property line (six feet above ground) adjacent to residential areas shall not exceed five foot candles.

13. Noncompliance:

Existing noncompliance of the standards set forth in this section shall be subject to the provisions of Division 3 of the Land Development Code.

14. Variance Procedure:

Conformance to these design criteria shall be verified by the county during the site and development plan review process required for individual development projects. Deviation from the following subsections of this section may be requested pursuant to Division 8 of the Leon County Land Development Code: Subsections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10(a), 10(C), and 11.

15. Design Standards Applicable to Mini-warehouse Land Uses:

(a.) Mini-warehouse developments shall be developed in accordance with standards as set forth in Section 10-6.675 (BCS district).

(b.) A continuous 100 percent opaque buffer obtained through the use of vegetation and/or fencing shall be required around the perimeter of all areas used for mini-warehouse storage. This standard does not apply to the portion of the development utilized for a sales office.

### GENERAL NOTES:

1. If central sanitary sewer is not available, nonresidential development is limited to a minimum of 0.50 acre lots and nonresidential development is limited to a maximum of 2,500 square feet of building area. Community service facilities are limited to a maximum of 5,000 square feet of building area or a 500 gallon septic tank. Also, refer to Sanitary Sewer Policy 2.1.12. of the Comprehensive Plan for additional requirements.

2. Refer to the Environmental Management Act (EMA) for information pertaining to the regulation of environmental features (preservation conservation features), stormwater management requirements, etc.

3. Refer to the Concurrency Management Ordinance for information pertaining to the availability of capacity for certain public facilities (roads, parks, etc.).